that is not receiving PIP may request an accelerated payment.

[59 FR 36713, July 19, 1994]

## §418.308 Limitation on the amount of hospice payments.

- (a) Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, the total Medicare payment to a hospice for care furnished during a cap period is limited by the hospice cap amount specified in § 418 309
- (b) Until October 1, 1986, payment to a hospice that began operation before January 1, 1975 is not limited by the amount of the hospice cap specified in §418.309.
- (c) The intermediary notifies the hospice of the determination of program reimbursement at the end of the cap year in accordance with procedures similar to those described in §405.1803 of this chapter.
- (d) Payments made to a hospice during a cap period that exceed the cap amount are overpayments and must be refunded.

[48 FR 56026, Dec. 16, 1983; 48 FR 57282, Dec. 29, 1983]

#### §418.309 Hospice cap amount.

The hospice cap amount is calculated using the following procedures:

- (a) The cap amount is \$6,500 per year and is adjusted for inflation or deflation for cap years that end after October 1, 1984, by using the percentage change in the medical care expenditure category of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for urban consumers that is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. This adjustment is made using the change in the CPI from March 1984 to the fifth month of the cap year. The cap year runs from November 1 of each year until October 31 of the following year.
- (b) Each hospice's cap amount is calculated by the intermediary by multiplying the adjusted cap amount determined in paragraph (a) of this section by the number of Medicare beneficiaries who elected to receive hospice care from that hospice during the cap period. For purposes of this calculation, the number of Medicare beneficiaries includes—

- (1) Those Medicare beneficiaries who have not previously been included in the calculation of any hospice cap and who have filed an election to receive hospice care, in accordance with §418.24, from the hospice during the period beginning on September 28 (35 days before the beginning of the cap period) and ending on September 27 (35 days before the end of the cap period).
- (2) In the case in which a beneficiary has elected to receive care from more than one hospice, each hospice includes in its number of Medicare beneficiaries only that fraction which represents the portion of a patient's total stay in all hospices that was spent in that hospice. (The hospice can obtain this information by contacting the intermediary.)

## §418.310 Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Hospices must provide reports and keep records as the Secretary determines necessary to administer the program.

### §418.311 Administrative appeals.

A hospice that believes its payments have not been properly determined in accordance with these regulations may request a review from the intermediary or the Provider Reimbursement Review Board (PRRB) if the amount in controversy is at least \$1,000 or \$10,000, respectively. In such a case, the procedure in 42 CFR part 405, subpart R, will be followed to the extent that it is applicable. The PRRB, subject to review by the Secretary under §405.1874 of this chapter, shall have the authority to determine the issues raised. The methods and standards for the calculation of the payment rates by CMS are not subject to appeal.

### Subpart H—Coinsurance

### §418.400 Individual liability for coinsurance for hospice care.

An individual who has filed an election for hospice care in accordance with §418.24 is liable for the following coinsurance payments. Hospices may charge individuals the applicable coinsurance amounts.

### §418.402

- (a) Drugs and biologicals. An individual is liable for a coinsurance payment for each palliative drug and biological prescription furnished by the hospice while the individual is not an inpatient. The amount of coinsurance for each prescription approximates 5 percent of the cost of the drug or biological to the hospice determined in accordance with the drug copayment schedule established by the hospice, except that the amount of coinsurance for each prescription may not exceed \$5. The cost of the drug or biological may not exceed what a prudent buyer would pay in similar circumstances. The drug copayment schedule must be reviewed for reasonableness and approved by the intermediary before it is used
- (b) Respite care. (1) The amount of coinsurance for each respite care day is equal to 5 percent of the payment made by CMS for a respite care day.
- (2) The amount of the individual's coinsurance liability for respite care during a hospice coinsurance period may not exceed the inpatient hospital deductible applicable for the year in which the hospice coinsurance period began.
- (3) The individual hospice coinsurance period—
- (i) Begins on the first day an election filed in accordance with §418.24 is in effect for the beneficiary; and
- (ii) Ends with the close of the first period of 14 consecutive days on each of which an election is not in effect for the beneficiary.

## § 418.402 Individual liability for services that are not considered hospice care.

Medicare payment to the hospice discharges an individual's liability for payment for all services, other than the hospice coinsurance amounts described in §418.400, that are considered covered hospice care (as described in §418.202). The individual is liable for the Medicare deductibles and coinsurance payments and for the difference between the reasonable and actual charge on unassigned claims on other covered services that are not considered hospice care. Examples of services not considered hospice care include: Services furnished before or after a

hospice election period; services of the individual's attending physician, if the attending physician is not an employee of or working under an arrangement with the hospice; or Medicare services received for the treatment of an illness or injury not related to the individual's terminal condition.

## § 418.405 Effect of coinsurance liability on Medicare payment.

The Medicare payment rates established by CMS in accordance with §418.306 are not reduced when the individual is liable for coinsurance payments. Instead, when establishing the payment rates, CMS offsets the estimated cost of services by an estimate of average coinsurance amounts hospices collect.

[56 FR 26919, June 12, 1991]

# PART 419—PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM FOR HOSPITAL OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT SERVICES

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